Personality and Enrichment Engagement Does Primate Personality Affect Enrichment Engagement And Behaviour in L'Hoest's Monkeys? How Can We Use This To Tailor **Enrichment To Individual Animals?** Charlotte O'Neill¹., and Vincent Nijman²

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Lowest Ranking Female 5/12/1999

Dominant Male 12/11/2006

Highest Ranking Female

26/6/2011

Lowest Ranking Male 11/6/2016

Mid-Ranking Male 13/3/2018

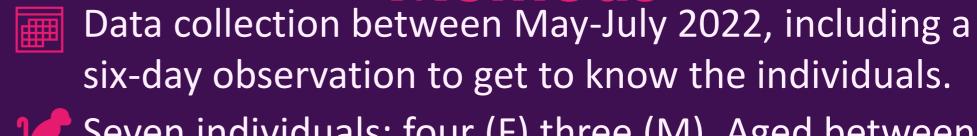
Mid-Ranking Female 25/9/2019



Tumba Mid-Ranking Female 20/4/2020

Introduction

- Zoos have become more focussed on conservation efforts, \bullet research and education, not just a place to showcase animals. (3)
- Captivity can cause physical and behavioural issues for many species, which enrichment has been used to address. (3)



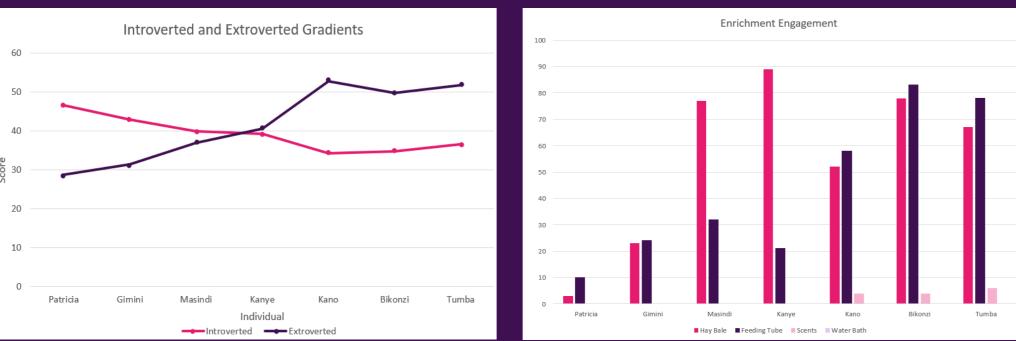
six-day observation to get to know the individuals. Seven individuals: four (F) three (M). Aged between one to 22 years old.

lethods

Hominid Personality Questionnaires (HPQ) were

- Enrichment is additional objects that encourage animals to engage in natural behaviours. (1;2)
- Primates share the same Big Five personality types as \bullet humans (Openness, Conscientiousness, Extroversion, Agreeableness, Neuroticism), as well as 'Dominance'. (4;5)

Analysis and Results



Hominid Personality Questionnaire Results:

- Average scores of HPQ determined how introverted and extroverted each individual L'Hoest's monkey is.
- Patricia most introverted and Kano most extroverted.
- Kanye scored the same on both introversion and ightarrowextroversion scores, so is an ambivert.
- The three most extroverted were the three youngest. \bullet

Most Extroverted

completed by seven members of primate care staff. This data was used to determine whether the individual was introverted or extroverted. 18 personality traits

were included.

Trait	Trait	Definition	Scale									
No.			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Shy	Reluctant to engage with environment, enrichment or socially.					×					
2	Cautious	Apprehensive to investigate changes within the enclosure.								×		

420 hours of instantaneous observations. For each individual, there were 60 hours: 35 non-enrichment and 25 enrichment. Enrichment types:



Tailoring Enrichment

Introverts and Ambiverts

Patricia, Gimini, Masindi and Kayne: Would likely benefit from solo or outside enrichment, though this would be difficult to execute. Often waited until others had finished before engaging with enrichment. Masindi often missed out on feeding enrichment as a result. Patricia and Kayne were 'out of sight' a lot and preferred to be alone.

Patricia Gimini Masindi Kayne Tumba Bikonzi Kano

Enrichment Engagement Results:

- Hay bale enrichment was interacted with most (388) \bullet minutes) followed by feeding enrichment (300 minutes).
- Scent oils and water baths not interacted with.
- The L'Hoest's were curious about the water baths but did not physically interact with the water.

Personality and Enrichment Engagement Results:

- The two most introverted preferred the feeding tube \bullet enrichment.
- The most extroverted engaged with enrichment \bullet significantly more than introverted individuals.



• Extroverts

Kano, Bikonzi and Tumba: All highly extroverted. Seemed to enjoy the social aspect of enrichment. Would engage with enrichment regardless of object/location or other individuals present..

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